CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

0625 PHYSICS							
0625/01	Paper 1 (Multiple Choice), maximum mark 40						
0625/02	Paper 2 (Core), maximum mark 80						
0625/03	Paper 3 (Extended), maximum mark 80						
0625/05	Paper 5 (Practical), maximum mark 60						
0625/06	Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40						

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark available	A	С	E	F	
Component 1	40	-	27	23	19	
Component 2	80	-	51	39	29	
Component 3	80	54	33	-	-	
Component 5	60	49	39	31	24	
Component 6	40	31	24	18	13	

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the November 2003 examination.

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.





INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/01

PHYSICS Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	1

Question Number	Key	Question Number	Key
1	D	21	Α
2	С	22	D
3	Α	23	С
4	С	24	В
5	С	25	Α
6	В	26	В
7	С	27	В
8	Α	28	В
9	С	29	В
10	D	30	D
11	D	31	С
12	В	32	С
13	D	33	В
14	D	34	В
15	D	35	В
16	Α	36	С
17	D	37	Α
18	Α	38	Α
19	В	39	С
20	В	40	Α

TOTAL 40



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/02

PHYSICS

Paper 2 (Core)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2

NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in the candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means 'correct answer only'.
- e.c.f. means 'error carried forward'. This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applied to marks annotated 'e.c.f.'.
- e.e.o.o. means 'each error or omission'.
- Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for '10', regardless of the unit given.
- <u>Underlining</u> indicates that this **must** be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- Un.pen. means 'unit penalty'. An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Page 2		le 2	Mark Scheme		us Paper
			PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2
QUESTION			SCHEME	<u>TAR(</u> GRA	<u>GET</u> <u>MARK</u>
1	(a)	(i)	G within block, to left of vertical through midpoint or AE	3 F	B1
		(ii)	Vertical line shown through A	C	B1
	(b)		A	F	M1
			more stable (or equivalent statement) e.g. less likely to topple or "weight within base"	D F	A1
	(c)		so it does not topple over (or equivalent)	F	<u>B1</u>
					_5
2			reference mark on wheel	*"(use	stopwatch to)
			datum line (could be "top" or "bottom")	of the	. gets only one se
			*start timing/stopwatch as mark passes datum line		
			time a number of rotations (accept 1 here)	50	B5
			time at least 20 rotations	≻any 5	
			*stop stopwatch		
			divide time by number of rotations		
			repeat		
			make sure stopwatch at zero)	<u>5</u>
3			gravitational OR potential OR PE OR GPE	F	B1
			motion OR KE OR kinetic		
			heat/internal/thermal	o) 3F	= ВЗ
			sound		
			heat (accept potential)	С	B1
			OR internal/thermal		
			NOT strain potential/NOT chemical potential		
			NOT sound, even as an extra		<u>5</u>
4	(a)		vehicle 2	F	M1
			large(r) area (in contact with ground)	С	A1
			low/less pressure	С	A1
			less likely to sink/get stuck	F	A1
	(b)	(i)	small area	F	C1
			large pressure	F	B1
		(ii)	(weight spread over) large(r) area NOT body area	С	B1
			small/less pressure	С	B1
			reference to weight somewhere in (b)	С	<u>B1</u>
					<u>9</u>
5	(a)	(i)	ray perpendicular to surface at A (by eye)	F	B1
		(ii)	normal at B correct (by eye)	F	B1
		(iii)	ray refracted down at B, but NOT along surface	С	B1
		(iv)	normal at D correct (by eye)	F	B1
		(v)	ray refracted up at D, but NOT along surface	С	B1

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			PHYSICS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	2
	(b)		converging OR will meet OR *one up, one down ALLOW * "opposite"	C *only if diagr	B1 am acceptable
			same deviation (or equivalent) OR "angles of refraction same"	C	B1
	(c)		straight on OR split (depending on thickness of "ray") OR no change (indirection) OR not refracted	F	<u>B1</u> 8
6	(a)	(i)	speed	F	
•	(4)	(ii)	frequency, ALLOW wavelength	C	B1
		(iii)	wavelength	F	B1
	(b)	()	gamma OR γ OR cosmic	С	B1
	()		condone x-rays as an extra		4
7	(a)		straight line sloping up to right	F	B1
			through origin	F	B1
	(b)	(i)	voltmeter OR multimeter on volts range (condone spelling)	F	B1
		(ii)	potential difference OR p.d. OR volts/voltage (no e.c.f.)	F	B1
		(iii)	ammeter OR multimeter on current/amps range (condone spelling)	F	B1
		(iv)	current OR intensity OR amps/amperes OR ampage (no e.c.f.) NOT A	F	B1
		(v)	evidence of 7.5	F	C1
			evidence of 0.3	F	C1
			7.5/0.3 OR V/I OR volts/current e.c.f. if written down	С	C1
			25 e.c.f. only if V/I used	С	A1
			Ω or ohm	С	B1
		(vi)	hisR/50	F	C1
			0.5 (Ω/m) e.c.f.	С	<u>A1</u>
					<u>13</u>
8	(a)		EITHER OR		
			iron filings (plotting) compass	F	B1
			NOT "put" place near end of magnet sprinkle/spread/pour/scatter	F	B1
			tap card mark end(s) of compass	С	B1
			further detail further detail	С	B1
	(b)		attraction of compass S pole		
			repulsion of compass N pole		
			attraction of S pole of another magnet	F	B1
			repulsion of N pole of another magnet		
			attraction of Earth's N pole		
			repulsion of Earth's S pole		<u>5</u>

	Page 4		Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper	
			PHY	SICS – NO	VEMBER 2003	0625	2	
9	(a)	(i)	decreases			F	M1	
			by 2			С	A1	
		(ii)	decreases			F	M1	
			by 2			С	A1	
		(iii)	decreases			С	B1	
	(b)		66 (yrs)			F	C1	
			evidence of 3 half-li	ves		С	C1	
			fraction 1/8 seen or	implied		С	C1	
			400			С	<u>A1</u>	
							<u>9</u>	
10	(a)		points platted corre	$rtly + \frac{1}{r}$ sr	nall square (-1 eeoo) ignore	3F	B3	
				$\frac{1}{2}$				
	(h)				PT point circled on graph	_	D1	
	(u)		idea of stratabing m	nes AUUEI	efore (for same load increase)	г С	DI R1	
	(0)		OR reference to ela	istic/propor	tional limit in some way	U	DI	
	(d)		EITHER		OR			
			measure unloaded ALLOW "measure s NOT extension	length spring"	idea of fixed end and free end	F	B1	
			measure loaded ler extension	ngth NOT	note position of free end, no load	F	B1	
			subtract		measure movt. free end, loaded	F	<u>B1</u> <u>8</u>	
11	(a)	(i)	100			F	B1	
		(ii)	0			F	B1	
		(iii)	indication to the left	of 0°C ma	rk	С	B1	
	(b)		expansion of a solid	ł	$\overline{)}$			
			expansion of a gas/	pressure o	f a gas			
			current/pd/e.m.f. of	a thermoco	puple			
			conductivity/resistar	nce of a co	nductor/wire/thermistor, ar	_{iy1} C	B1	
			colour of a hot wire	colour of a hot wire				
			melting of a wax					
			NOT expansion of a	alcohol AC	CEPT density of a liquid		<u>4</u>	
12	(a)		$N_1/N_2 = V_1/V_2$ in	any form		F	C1	
			$8000/N_2 = 240/6$ or	correct su	bstitution into correct equation	F	C1	
			200 Al 80	LOW B1 f)00 (workin	or 20 if 800 used instead of g must be shown)	F	A1	
	(b)	(i)	200 e.c.f. i.e. his (a	ı)		F	B1	
		(ii)	400 e.c.f. i.e. 2 x hi	is (a) , evalu	uated	С	<u>B1</u>	
							<u>5</u>	



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/03

PHYSICS Paper 3 (Extended)



		Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus 0625	Pape 3	ər
				0020		
1	(a) (i)	7(.0 s)			A1	
	(ii)) PQ or 0 -	- 2s or other correct description		A1	
		distance	= av. speed x time or area under graph		C1	
		distance	11 x 2 m= 22 m		A1	4
	(b) (i)	decelerat	ion (now) uniform (test 2)		B1	
		slower/lov (or values	wer (average) value/value between that of PQ and QR/takes s) time to come to rest.	s longer	B1	
	(ii)	decelerat	ion = change in speed/time or 15/8		C1	
		value = 1	.9 m/s ²		A1	4
	(c) (i)	graph sho	ows constant acceleration		B1	
		force = m	a (and m is also constant) so force is constant		B1	
	(ii)) towards t	he centre of the motion/circle		A1	3
						[11]
2	(a)	pressure	= depth x g x density of water		C1	
		pressure	= 50 x 10 x 1000		C1	
		so value	is 500 000 Pa or N/m ²		A1	3
	(b)	force = pi	essure x area in any form		C1	
		force = 50	00 000 x 0.15 x 0.07		C1	
		force = 52	250 N		A1	3
						[6]
3	(a)	one sligh	tly nearer the centre than the other		C1	
		20 kg is t	he nearer one to the pivot		A 1	2
	(b)	Clockwise	e moments = anticlockwise moments (about point/pivot)		A 1	1
		(accept o	pposite directions and equal)			
	(c)	18x2.5=2	0xB		C1	
		distance	= 2.25(m)		A 1	2
						[5]
4	(a)	Some ha	ve extra/more energy than others		B1	
		most ene	rgetic leave surface/ break liquid bonds etc		B2	M2
	(b)	evaporati	on occurs strictly at the surface/at all temperature		B1	
		boiling oc	ccurs throughout liquid/ at one temperature (at normal at. pr.)/100°C	B1	2
	(c)	energy si	upplied = Wt /60 x 120		C1	
		sp.latent	heat = energy/mass evaporated or 60 x 120/3.2		C1	_
		value is 2	250 J/g		A1	3
~	(-) (!)					[7]
Э	(a) (l) /::		hid malacules very tightly banded together as apparets little			
	(II)	water _ li	nuid – molecules less tightly bonded together so separate little		B1	
		nitrogen -	- das - molecules "free" and not bonded so separate most		B1	М3
		(N.B. acc	ept 2 bonding statements for 2 marks. 1 separation stateme	ent for 1 mark)	21	

	ļ	P	age 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	r
	Ĺ			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	3	
	(b)) (i)	size of mo	ovement/change in length of liquid column per degree		B1	
		(ii)	change in	length (of liquid column) same for all degrees		B1	2
							[5]
6	(a)		3 more ro	ughly circular		B1	
			all drawn	clearly circular, stop (well) clear of barrier and centred on sl	it	B1	
			waveleng	th constant throughout, both sides of barrier		B1	3
	(b)		waveleng	th – speed/frequency in any form		C1	
			values su	bstituted correctly		C1	
			answer 6	x 10 m		A 1	3
							[6]
7	(a)		two dots,	marked F, each 5.0 cm from the lens		A2	2
	(b)		each corr	ect ray one mark		M2	2
	(c)		correct im	age, labeled l		A 1	1
	(d))	rays pass same dist	along the axis undeviated/object distance same for all object ance on image/image distance same for all image	ct/rays meet at	B1	1
	(e)		magnifyin	g glass/eyepiece of telescope or microscope		B1	1
							[7]
8	(a)	(i)	0-6 (V) pc	ositive and negative		A1	
		(ii)	all waves	roughly 6V amplitude		B1	
			3 waves a	approx. one wave every 0.1 s		B1	3
	(b)		any ment	ion of magnetic field		B1	
			coils (forc	ed to) cut magnetic field		B1	
			<u>includes</u> e	e.m.f./voltage/current in the coils		B1	
			as in Flen	ning's R.H. rule		B1	М3
	(c)		mechanic	al energy/work (in)/kinetic energy		B1	
			electrical	(out) (+ heat) (ignore sound)		B1	2
							[8]
9	(a)	(i)	regular (b	ut)/not normal (sine) wave/several waves added together et	C.	B1	
		(ii)	1.6(V)			A1	
		(iii)	connect k	nown voltage to Y plates (without any changes to C.R.O.)		B1	
			read off a	gainst screen values		B1	4
	(b)) (i)	6.1 (cm) (accept 6 or any value in range 6.0 to 6.2)		A1	
		(ii)	50 ms for	10 cm or 5 ms per cm e.c.f.		C1	
			so 6.1 x 5	ms or 31 ms		A1	
		(iii)	difference	e in time of runners finishing race or other timing between tw	o closely	B1	4
			separated	i events.			[8]

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape	r
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	3	
10 (a))	current =	power/voltage or 150/12		C1	
		value is 1	2.5 A		A1	2
(b) (i)	sum of cu	irrents at junction = current after junction/12.5 A = 5.0 A	+	C1	
		value is 7	.5 A		A1	
	(ii)	power = \	/I or is 7.5 x 12 e.c.f from (i)		C1	
		value is 9	0 W		A1	
	(iii)	resistanc	e = voltage/current or 12/7.5 e.c.f. from (i) but not from (a	a)	C1	
		value is 1	.6Ω		A1	6
						[8]
11 (a))	top line c	prrect, need 24 and 0		B1	
		bottom lir	e correct, need 12 and –1 (accept β or e for electron		B1	2
(b)	particles	ake curved path (accept from diagram)		B1	
		move bet	ween the poles at right angles to lines of force		B1	
		move out	of paper		B1	3
(c)) (i)	use detec	tor to pick up <u>radiation</u> (from isotope at points on/in body	/ etc.)	B1	
		high cour	t where circulation good or v.v. explained		B1	
	(ii)	alpha par	ticles all absorbed, none detected			
		beta parti	cles may be largely absorbed, not penetrative enough			
		gamma ra	ays reach detector/leave body ar	ıy two	B2	4
						[9]
					TOT	AL 80



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 60

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/05

PHYSICS Practical



	Page 1		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 2003	0625	5
1	(b)(c)	Table	A, 6 temps, decreasing		1
		Table	e B, 6 temps, decreasing		1
		Temp	o unit		1
		Time	unit		1
		Evide	ence of temp to better than 1°C		1
		Cons	istently better than 1°C		1
	(d)	Grap	h:		
		Time	axis suitable (no '3' scales allowed)		1
		Time	axis labeled		1
		Chec	k plots at 210 s and 240 s		1
					1
		lines	judgement (best fit curves)		1
		lines	thickness		1
		Both	lines correctly labeled		1
	(e)	Conc	lusion:		
		Corre	ect statement in relation to candidate's lines		1
		Expla	ained with correct reference to gradients		
			(if previous mark scored)		1
				тс	DTAL 15
2	(b)	x = 2	0.0 (cm)		1
	(c)	y valı	ue less than 25 cm		1
		y valı	ue to nearest mm		1
	(d)	d = 2	5 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
	(e)	t valu	e correct arith		1
	(f)	x = 3	0 (cm)		1
		y valı	ue in range 30.0 – 37.5 (cm)		1
		d = 3	7.5 (cm) (allow e.c.f.)		1
		all x,	y, d consistently in mm, cm or m (unit stated at least once)		1
		х, у с	l units stated every time		1
		t valu	e correct arith		1
		t valu	es within 0.5 cm of each other		1
	(g)	avera	age t; correct method		1
		final	answer to 2/3 sf		1
		with o	correct unit		1

TOTAL 15

	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – November 2003	0625	5
3	Ті	race		
	N	eat thin lines		1
	Li	nes complete		1
	А	and B correct positions		1
	N	ew B correct		1
	i =	= r (by eye)		1
	С	D at least 5 cm		1
	S	econd CD at least 5 cm		1
	S	traight lines extended to X		1
	X	A drawn and Y labeled		1
	(j) A	Y correct to 2 mm		1
	Y	X correct to 2 mm		1
	A	Y and YX same to within 10 mm		1
	(k) TI	hickness of mirror OR thickness of pins OR thickness of lines		1
	(I) Pi	recaution (pin separation, view bases, vertical pins)		1
	R	eason		1
			тс	DTAL 15
4.	(b)–(g) ×	in m, cm or mm		1
	V	in V		1
	k	in V/m, V/cm or V/mm		1
	СС	orrect x values (0.200, 0.400, 0.800 m)		1
	al	I x to nearest mm		1
	х	consistent sf		1
	ev	vidence of V to better than 0.5 V		1
	al	I V to better than 0.5 V		1
	3	k values		1
	С	heck second k value, correct		1
	al	l k to 2 sf OR all k to 3 sf		1
	al	I k same to within 10%		1
	(h) (v	oltage increases with length)		1
	0	R voltage proportional to length		2
	k	= constant OR figures correctly quoted		1
			тс)TAL 15



INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06

PHYSICS Alternative to Practical



	Page 1		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003	0625	6
1	(a)	wind string round more than once			1
		divi	ide measured length by number of turns to find c		1
	(b) (i)	cor	rect diagram, blocks parallel, one at each end		1
	(ii)	119	9 mm OR 11.9 cm to 121 mm OR 12.1 cm		1
	(c)	V =	[:] 32.39 to 32.41 cm ³		1 1
	(d) (i)	Vm	$= 0.5 - 2 \text{ cm}^3$		1
	(ii)	cor	rect calculation and 2/3 sf (ignore unit)		1
					TOTAL 8
2	(a) (i)(ii)	2 n	eat continuous rays (thickness up to as E	F)	1
	(iii)	nor	mal where incident ray meets mirror (90° by eye)		1
	(iv)	i = :	20° \pm 1° (allow e.c.f. if mark for normal not scored)		1
	(b) (i)(ii)	line	es complete and neat with AX correctly intersecting		1
	(iii)	AY	= 5.9 – 6.1 cm AND YX = 5.5 + 0.3 cm		1
	(c)	any	v one from:		
		thic	kness of mirror		
		thic	kness of lines		
		thic	kness of pins		
		jud	gement of where lines cross		1
					TOTAL 6
3	(a)	poi	nter at 0.35 A		1
	(b) (i)	var	iable resistor/rheostat/potentiometer		1
	(ii)	V			1
		А			1
		Ω			1
		On	e R correct		1
		All	R correct (6.129, 5.769, 4, corr	ectly rounded)	1
		Coi	nsistent sf for R (either all 2 sf or all 3 sf)		1
	(iii)	var	iable resistor/number of cells		1
	(c)	Vol	tmeter in parallel with resistors (or power source)		1
		Am	meter next to X		1
		Syr	mbols correct and all connections drawn in		1
					TOTAL 12

	Page 2		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper		
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 20	03	0625	6		
4	(a)	Scales: y-axis 1N = 4 cm; x-axis 1m/s2 = 4/5 cm right way round						
		Both axes labelled with quantity and unit				1		
		Plo	ts to ½ sq (-1 each error or omission, minimum ma	sq (-1 each error or omission, minimum mark zero) ness less than 1 mm and no 'blob' plots				
		Lin	e thickness less than 1 mm and no 'blob' plots					
		We	ll judged best fit single straight line	best fit single straight line e used (> ½ line) clear on graph				
	(b)	Lar	ge triangle used (> ½ line) clear on graph					
		Inte	erpolation to ½ sq (if large enough	triangle p	resent)	1		
		Val	ue 1.38 – 1.48			1		
		kg	and 2/3 sf			1		
					r	OTAL 10		
5	(a)	Tw	o from:					
		sar	ne volume of water					
		sar	ne starting temperature of water					
		sar	ne size/shape/type beakers					
		sar	ne thickness/mass/volume of insulator					
		sar	ne room temp			2		
	(b)	64°	C (with unit)			1		
	(c)	В				1		
						TOTAL 4		